

**Warm-up:** Solve the equations for  $x$ .

$$1. \frac{x+8}{4} = 22.4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x+8 = 89.6 \\ -8 \quad -8 \\ \hline x = 81.6 \end{array}$$

$$2. -(x+7) + 3x = 13$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -x-7+3x = 13 \\ 2x-7 = 13 \\ +7 \quad +7 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{20}{2}$$

$$x = 10$$

$$3. 23x + 11 - 19x - 4 = 12x - 8 - 9x + 11$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x+7 = 3x+3 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline x+7 = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x+7 = 3 \\ -7 \quad -7 \\ \hline x = -4 \end{array}$$

$$4. \frac{3}{4}(8x-112) + 72 = 4x+3-2x+17$$

$$6x - 84 + 72 = 4x + 3 - 2x + 17$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x-12 = 2x+20 \\ -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline 4x-12 = 20 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x-12 = 20 \\ +12 \quad +12 \\ \hline 4x = 32 \end{array}$$

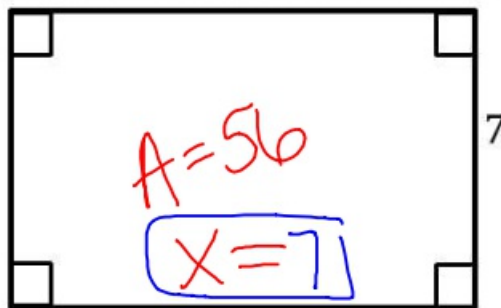
$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{32}{4}$$

$$x = 8$$

7

	Rectangle	Triangle
<b>Perimeter</b> measuring the length around a figure	Add all the sides	Add all the sides
<b>Area</b> measuring the space inside a 2D figure	$A = b \cdot h$	$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$ $A = \frac{bh}{2}$

**Example 1:** If the area of the rectangle below is 56 square units, find the value of  $x$ .



$$\frac{2}{7}x + 6 = 8$$

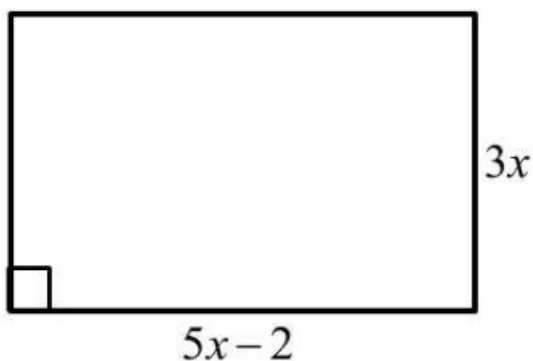
$$A = b \cdot h$$

$$56 = \left(\frac{2}{7}x + 6\right) \cdot 7$$

$$56 = 2x + 42$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 56 = 2x + 42 \\ -42 \quad -42 \\ \hline 14 = 2x \\ \frac{14}{2} = \frac{2x}{2} \\ 7 = x \\ \boxed{x = 7} \end{array}$$

**Example 2:** Set up an expression that would calculate the area and perimeter of the rectangle.



**Example 3:** If the perimeter of the rectangle below is  $x + 12$  units, find the value of  $x$ .



$$\frac{3}{10}x + 2$$

$$\frac{2}{5}x$$

$$\frac{3}{10}x + 2 + \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{3}{10}x + 2 = x + 12$$

$$\frac{7}{5}x + 4 = x + 12$$

$$\frac{2}{5}x + 4 = 12$$

$$\frac{2}{5}x = 8$$

$$x = 20$$

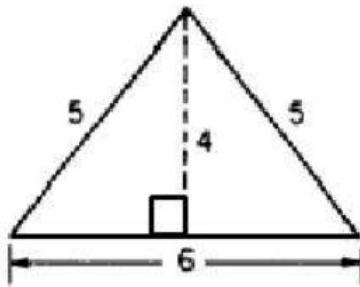
Notes 1-2

Sec 1 H

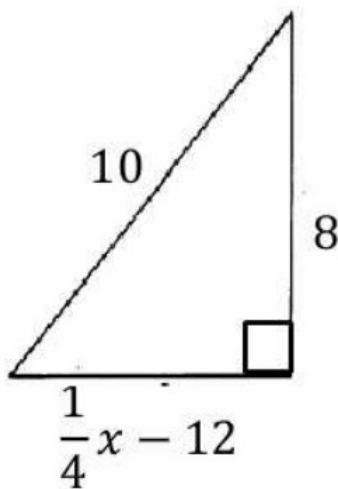
Solving with Area and Perimeter

Unit 1

**Example 4:** Find the perimeter and area of the triangle.



**Example 5:** If the area of the triangle below is 48 square units, find the value of  $x$ .



$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$48 = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{4}x - 12 \right) \cdot 8$$

$$48 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 8 \left( \frac{1}{4}x - 12 \right)$$

$$2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 = 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 2$$

$$2 \cdot 4 \cdot 3$$

$$48 = 4 \left( \frac{1}{4}x - 12 \right)$$

$$48 = x - 48$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +48 \\ \hline 96 = x \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = 96}$$

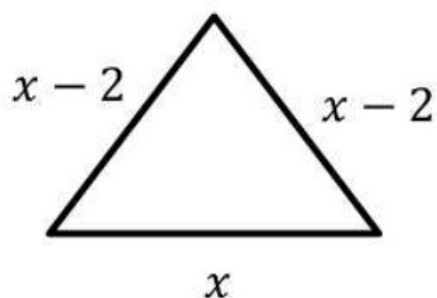
If the perimeter of the triangle is 32 units, find the value of  $x$ .

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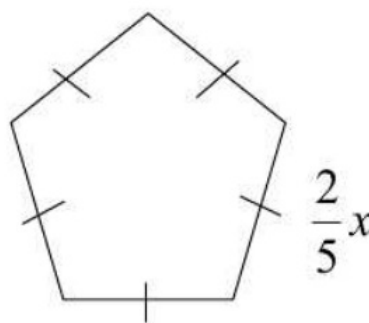
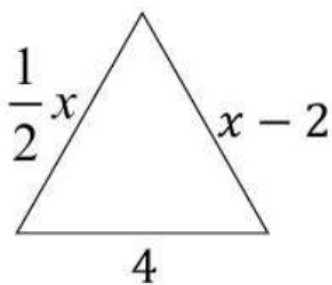
**Notes 1-2****Sec 1 H****Solving with Area and Perimeter****Unit 1**

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**Example 6:** If the perimeter of the triangle below is  $(2x + 1)$  units, find the value of  $x$ .



**Example 7:** Write an equation to find  $x$  so that the two polygons have the same perimeter. Then solve.



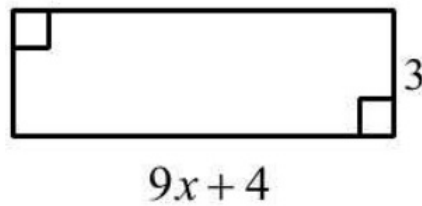
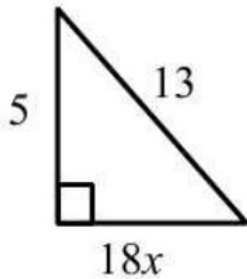
Notes 1-2

Sec 1 H

Solving with Area and Perimeter

Unit 1

**Example 8:** Write an equation to find  $x$  so that the two polygons have the same area. Then solve.



$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 18x \cdot 5$$

$$A = 9x \cdot 5$$

$$A = 45x$$

$$9 \cdot x \cdot 5$$

$$9 \cdot 5 \cdot x$$

$$45 \cdot x$$

$$45x$$

$$A = bh$$

$$A = (9x+4)3$$

$$A = 27x + 12$$

$$45x = 27x + 12 \quad *$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -27x \quad -27x \\ \hline 18x = 12 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{18x}{18} = \frac{12}{18}$$

$$x = \frac{2}{3} \quad *$$

